

**BROIL TOAST**

## The Automatic Smokeless, Blueflame Stove

Burns Kerosene—Blueflame hotter than topheat, and NO DANGER. Complete Cabinet form insures a Double Concentration of Heat at the Baring Point, and protects against draughts. Test is in the Using and Stove Stands the Test

**WASH IRON FRY STEW**

Cooks Instantly  
Bakes Perfectly  
Broils Thoroughly  
This Stove is no experiment  
The prices are right



Sweetser, Portsmouth, N. H.

## ANCE IN A MILLION

IF YOU ACT AT ONCE

Invest in a Truly Great and Meritorious Gold Mining Proposition.

**ARK GOLD MINING AND MILLING CO.'S**

**ELLING GOLD MINE** That fed Baboon Creek in Idaho, which gave up \$60,000,000 in placer gold. We offer a limited amount of ground floor stock at 25c per share (\$1.00). This mine has \$70,000 worth of machinery and it will pay regular dividends of 10 per cent per year dollar invested inside of six months and will be worth twenty dollars in twelve months. This is the best investment for the money ever offered to the investing public. The stock is fully assessable. For further particulars, prospectus, report, etc., address:

**K COLD MINING & MILLING CO.,**  
Moscow, Idaho.

## AMMOCKS

from 75 Cents to \$4.00 Each.

**WENDELL & CO.**

**2 MARKET SQUARE.**

**ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS**

**One And Be Convinced.**

## ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

## One And Be Convinced.

**N IN DANGER.**

Had the fire caught in the new Diminution pier, as at one time looked not improbable from the yard, the old ship Constitution could hardly have been saved. As soon as the force of shipkeepers and workmen arrived, lines of hose were laid on board the ship and fire extinguishers were set out.

There have been no prostrations from the heat in this city, not one. This old city is the coolest spot on the map and for this reason the people come here in the summer for relief. The extreme heat has been bad for aged and feeble persons and those who have poor health, but the city, as a whole, has been nothing more than a little uncomfortable, as a whole.

## COLUMBIA WINS.

Defeats Constitution In Their First Race.

The New Hennesbott Foot Meets With A Misfortune

The Old Defender Led Over Finish Line By Forty Eight Seconds.

NEWTON, N. H., July 1. —The new cap defender Constitution was defeated today by the old defender Columbia, by a margin of forty eight seconds, in the first real race in which the new boat has been sailed. The race from start to finish was close and at times exciting and it seems as if the Constitution lost through misfortune. The result is far from conclusive, and much remains to be decided concerning the merits of the new defender. On the second hour task to windward, the crew of the Constitution was broken, which put her back at least a mile. Notwithstanding this, she drew up to within two minutes of the Columbia at the turn. The Columbia did not escape damage, for immediately after crossing the finish line, her main boom buckled and she had to be towed in to town. A new spar will have to be set before the Columbia can enter another race, but it is hoped to have it in place by Wednesday, the date for the next race between the two yachts.

### BASE BALL

The following was the result of the base ball games played yesterday:

#### NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia 3, Pittsburgh 0, at Philadelphia.  
New York 6, Chicago 4, at New York.  
Brooklyn 8, St. Louis 10, ten innings, at Brooklyn.

#### AMERICAN LEAGUE

Boston 9, Cincinnati 1, first game.  
Boston 1, Cincinnati 2, second game.

#### NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE

New York 10, Haverhill 5, at Nashua.  
Lewiston 15, Lowell 2, at Lewiston.  
Portland 1, Manchester 6, at Portland.

#### THE ILLINOIS' SPEED.

WASHINGTON, July 1. —The official report of the naval board of inspection regarding the trial run of the battle ship Illinois has been received at the navy department. It shows that the true mean speed of the vessel over the course of sixty six miles was 17.01 knots per hour and that she covered the course in three hours, forty eight minutes and forty six seconds.

### SENATOR KYLE DEAD.

ASHEBORO, S. D., July 1. —United States Senator Kyle died here this evening, at five minutes after six o'clock.

### WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 1. —Forecast for New England: Generally warm and fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

### BOARD OF HEALTH.

The board of health held a meeting on Monday morning at the city hall. Dr. Lemuel Pope, Jr., presided. A large number of sanitary nuisances were considered and the responsible persons were notified to abate them.

The steering gear of the steamer Kittery is working to perfection and the boat is more easily managed and is handled very creditably by the master. The people have not gotten into the habit of calling the boat the Kittery, but almost always refer to her as the "New arch." Thus does a habit, once formed, cling like the bark on a tree.

## THE FINANCIAL SIDE.

### Hot Wave Means Boom in the Summer Boarder Business.

The hot spell has made the people with capital invested in the summer boarding business smile. With the continued cool weather of the spring the outlook for a good season was rather dubious, but now the proprietors of summer hotels and boarding houses have cheered up wonderfully. Here, in this vicinity where the summer business has attained such a magnitude that it is looked upon as one of the main industries, the advent of the hot spell is hailed with delight. The travel up to this week had been comparatively light upon the railroads, but the warm weather helped it to its customary hot weather magnitude. On Monday the rush was extremely heavy, the greatest of the season.

The influx of summer visitors brings in loads of money. The last report of the bureau of labor shows that New Hampshire has profited much from the business. In the year 1899 the cash received from the summer people amounted to \$17,915, while \$9,000 more was paid in railroad fares and over \$9,000 in stage fares. The total volume of summer business and investment for that year was estimated at \$6,691,361.71 and a much larger business was done in the year 1900. With the opening of the present rush previous to the consideration, it is expected that the fourth, and taking other advantages into profit to New Hampshire from the total business will be more so considerably in the season of 1901.

The increase from 1898 to 1900 in the number of summer visitors was above \$800, meaning an increase in cash received at summer hotels and boarding houses of \$102.11. It is fair to presume with the increased interest aroused in the summer resorts of New Hampshire, that the state is to receive this summer the benefit of nearly \$7,000,000 in a total volume of summer business and investment.

This benefit is not to be seen alone in the income derived by the farmers, or by the hotel proprietors, but the railroad, the stage and summer bus receive their share, while in the cities some for some of the money left in New Hampshire by the summer visitors.

### CHAT ABOUT SPORTS

The international team match here at New York, on Saturday, between Kramer and Cooper, the American cyclist and Jenkins and Gascoyne, the Englishmen, proved an easy victory for the first named pair.

The Christian Shore base ball team has been greatly strengthened, and the boys feel confident of taking vengeance on Epping for the two defeats received earlier in the season, when they met their old rivals at Mylewood park, the afternoon of July 1st.

Ira Newick pushed for Somers with against Kennelbank, on Saturday, in a game which was brought to a close by a terrific thunder storm, in the fifth inning, with the score one to one. Kennelbank scored in the first inning, on two successive errors in the outfield, after two men were out.

American athletes were much in evidence in the English summer athletic meet, at London, on Saturday. Duffy won the one hundred dash, the long jump was taken by Kraenzlein, and Baxter finished first in the high jump. Kraenzlein would have undoubtedly won the hurdle race, but for an unfortunate fall, and as it was, in a special trial, he lowered the British record, held by Godfrey Shaw, one fifth of a second.

Jimmy Michael proved himself a rank quitter, on Saturday, at Boston, when he refused to start in the motor paced race at Charles River park, in case Nelson were allowed to ride. Nelson had consented to take the place of McFarland, who was unable to ride, on account of injuries received the week before, but Michael would not compete against Nelson, and Burns Pierce rode in his place. Michael won the race, but he has lost every admirer he ever had, by the unsportsmanlike conduct.

Gas House wharf was a very busy place on Monday afternoon.

**Headache**  
Builds up your stomach, cures flatulence and all liver ailments.  
**Hood's Pills**  
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 2 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## YOUTH'S YOUNG MEN

### The July Issue of the Y. M. C. A. Publication, by the Secre-

Vol. 1, of "Portsmouth's Youth," the publication of the Portsmouth Young Men's Christian Association, is out, and the following notes of interest are taken from the issue. The publication is edited by Mr. W. F. Hoehn, the secretary, and has many items of general interest.

The members of the Yoke Fellowship, of the bible class of the association, is composed as follows: James H. Smith, President, Arthur W. Jones, Sec. Treas., George O. Swartz, J. F. Slaughter, Ralph Jenkins, Frank Kimball, Roy Carrier, Arthur J. Tedale, W. F. Hoehn, James Graves, Percy DeCoursey, Charles Tucker, C. J. Van Allen, William Drew, R. E. L. Dunsen.

The association has been presented with the original charter of the New Castle Y. M. C. A. which was organized in 1879 and continued until about 1871. It bears the names of its membership. It will be framed and hung in the secretary's office.

The first organization of the Young Men's Christian Association in Portsmouth was May 10, 1852. The thanks of the association have been expressed to the W. C. T. U. of Portsmouth for their kind gift of a dozen knives and forks to the association, and to the King's Daughters of both the Congregational and Baptist churches, and the sewing society of the Advent church, as well as to a few individuals for their contributions with which the educational outfit was purchased from the Morgan company for the association.

The catalogue of the International Y. M. C. A. Training school, at Springfield, Mass., is at hand, containing the announcements for 1901, 1902.

### PASCATAQUA CLUB

The Pascataqua Congregational club will hold its annual summer meeting today (Tuesday) at the Farragut, Live Beach. Dinner will be served at half past 1 o'clock after which the club will adjourn to the clubhouse for the afternoon exercises.

The principal address of the afternoon will be delivered by Rear Admiral C. I. Belknap, U. S. N., retired, of Boston, whose subject is, "The Navy." What it is and has been to this country.

Mrs. Olive Hill Monston, soloist, of the First church, Dover, will sing.

### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

I. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

W. S. & L. C. A., Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

W. A. B. KINN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free.

Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials sent free.

Hill's Family Pills are the best.

### AT THE NAVY YARD.

Jaunter John Sullivan is taking a two weeks' leave.

Chief Electrician T. F. Flannagan reported for duty on Monday.

Paymaster James E. Cann will pay the yard force on Wednesday.

Chief John W. Lewis was a visitor to the Boston yard on Saturday.

Gray and Prime have been awarded the contract to deliver coal to all the officers for the ensuing year.

The office of the board of labor employment was moved into the muster room office on Monday. Clerk H. P. Kent will act as clerk of the board.

### SLIGHT ALTERATIONS MADE

There have been some slight alterations in the course for the sailing regatta of the Portsmouth Yacht club to be sailed on the fourth of July.

The course for the first class will be from the clubhouse to Fort Point, across to the Kittery point spar buoy, then return. The other two classes will be sailed in the river from the clubhouse to the narrow, to the Badger's island spandle, to the clubhouse, probably twice around.

## HER MAIDEN TRIP.

### The City Of Fitchburg Arrives In Port From Boston.

The steamer City of Fitchburg commenced her trips between Boston and Portsmouth on Monday, arriving in this city about four o'clock in the afternoon and mooring at the Gas House wharf, foot of Daniel street. She brought about two hundred passengers, most of whom came along just for the pleasure of the ride. On board was also a large quantity of freight.

Quite a crowd of people were at the wharf to see the steamer come in. They were very favorably impressed with her appearance. The steamer will make all her landings at the Gas House wharf, where Elbridge T. Philbrook, the local agent, is on hand to attend to passengers.

The City of Fitchburg returned to Boston this Tuesday afternoon. It was the intention of the captain to leave port about seven o'clock on Monday evening, so as to give his passengers the full advantage of the beautiful moonlight, on the way up the coast, but a delayment of the vessel's machinery made it inadvisable to put out. So the ship remained at her landing all night.

Hermon-departure was quite a disappointment to a number of Portsmouth people, who were going to make the trip to Boston.

### WHITE MAN TURED YELLOW.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Haparty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its worth in all cases of Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. On by 50c. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

### YORK BEACH COTTAGES

Many People Hire Themselves Away from Roasting Cities.

The hot weather of the past few days has caused the summer visitors to arrive at York Beach in goodly number.

Among the cottagers who have arrived for the season are Mrs. L. B. Chittenden of New York, C. O. Nelson and family of Mohine, Ill., W. P. Snow and family of Boston, Mrs. Lee of Lawrence, S. E. Marden and family of Manchester, Mrs. E. E. Truesdell and party of Suncook, Mrs. S. A. Hunt and family of Concord, David Young and family of Manchester, Samuel Webster of Hudson, Mr. John H. Knox and family of Portsmouth, Solomon Cole and family of Lebanon, C. H. Farrand and family of Penacook, the Rev. C. M. Tilton and family of Manchester, W. H. Howe and family of Concord, J. I. Cavanaugh and family of Manchester, C. B. Mosley and family of Concord, Dr. A. G. Shaw and family of Manchester, J. G. Flagg and family of Dover, A. D. Tewksbury and family of Royalton, P. L. Kennedy and family of Franklin Falls, Mrs. R. V. Sweet and family of Rochester, Isaac Hill and family of Dover, Charles E. Varney and family of Boston, Sumner Wallace and family of Rochester, John O'Donnell and family of East Rochester, W. R. Cole and family of Lebanon, Charles E. Manson of Rochester, Mrs. C. A. Hoyt and family of Manchester, A. D. M. Field and family of Manchester, C. S. Barnard and family of Grafton, A. G. Stevens and family of Concord, J. T. Welch and family of Lacombe, N. J. Biehler and family of Concord.

The sixth annual of the Cabot's Official Theatre recently came to hand, is a reputation in the presentation of the information successfully formulated.

Frank McKee has definitely decided on the Taming of the Shrew as the Shakespearean production in which he will present Mary Manuering and James K. Hackett in a special joint-starring tour next spring, covering a period of six weeks.

Frederick R. Burton's dramatic cantata, Hiawatha, has been given three performances in the west within a month as the closing feature of various spring seasons. At Des Moines it was heard by an audience of one thousand, and according to the Concert goer, "helped into immense popularity."

The Bostonians, who closed the last season in Portsmouth, after their season at Atlantic City, Aug. 26. This organization will be larger than for several years and will number among its members very prominent artists. Later in the season it will present the new de Koven and Smith opera, Maid Marian, a sequel to Robin Hood.

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## MOUNTED MAIL CARRIER.

Ralph Bigger commenced his duties as mounted mail carrier for this post office on Monday. He will cover the following district twice a day:

Starting at the junction of South road and Granite state avenue, he will go down as far as Sagamore bridge, returning through Jones avenue and taking in the houses on New Broad street. Then through South road to Ward's corner on Lafayette road, down past Oswell's to the next hill beyond, circling the station, so called, then up Middle road, taking in Spinney's lane, on to the Plains, across to Ishington road, down to the Button factory to the Creek, out over Woodbury avenue, by the Jones farm, taking all the houses on the grounds, crossing out beyond Echo avenue a piece, back through Maplewood avenue, out over the Cutis road to Freeman's point, and from there return to town.

## VERY SERIOUS CHARGE.

Joseph B. Locke, who is sixty three years old and lives on Mt. Vernon street, was held at the police station for a very serious offense. Low and lascivious conduct is the charge booked against him. A little girl only seven years of age is concerned. Locke was arrested on Monday evening. The officers had been looking for him since last Friday. The facts in the case are exceptionally disgusting.

## TROLLEY RIDE.

There are a few young people planning to give their friends a trolley ride on Wednesday evening to the Fairground. The party is to go out by special car and return to the city in time to witness the bonfire on the river.

## WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

The Gentry show comes on Wednesday. A season of comic opera opened at the Massabesic on Monday.

## THE WALKER.

The Walker show comes on Wednesday.

## THE NEW MUSIC.

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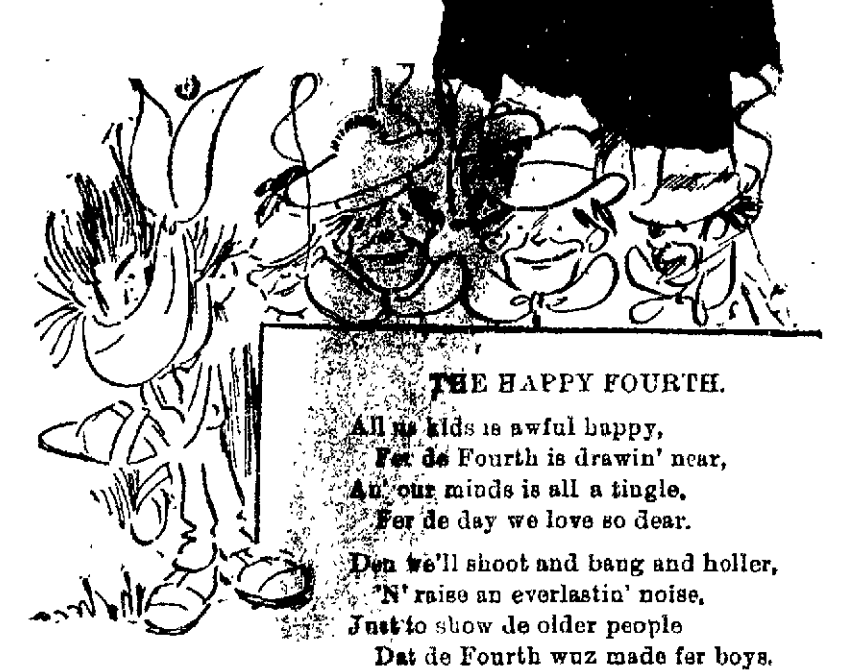
**Old India Pale Ale**  
**Homebrewed Ale**  
**Nourishing Stout**  
 Are specially brewed and bottled by  
**THE FRANK JONES**  
**Brewing Co.**  
 PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
 Ask your Dealer for them.  
**BOTTLED IN PINTS AND QUARTS**  
**The Best Spring Tonic on the Market.**

**U.S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132.**  
**GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.**  
 Leaves Navy Yard—8 20, 8 40, 9 15, 10 00, 10 30, 11 45 a. m., 1 35, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 5 45, 7 45 p. m., Sundays, 10 00, 10 15 a. m., 12 15, 12 35 p. m., Holidays, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m.  
 Leaves Portsmouth—8 30, 8 50, 9 20, 10 15, 11 00 a. m., 12 15, 1 45, 2 15, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00 p. m., Sundays, 10 07, a. m., 12 05, 12 25, 12 45 p. m., Holidays, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m.  
 Wednesdays and Saturdays

**The Famous HOTEL WHITTIER,**  
**Open the Entire Year.**  
**Favorite stopping place for Portsmouth people.**  
 If you are on a pleasure drive you must not fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.  
**NEW, BEACH,**  
**at the famous WINNERS.**  
 Situated hotel on the beach.  
**W. B. Proprietor**  
**COMMERCE.**  
 Success in Both Imports and Exports.

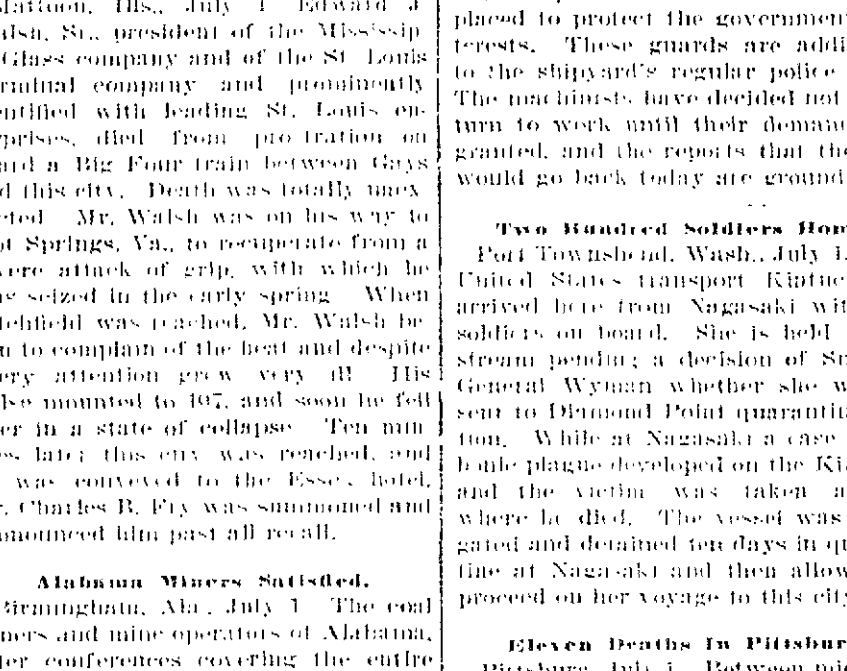
**General Gomez in New York City.**  
 New York, July 1. General Maximilian Gomez has arrived in this city from the south with his son, Urban, and Alexander Genzales, private secretary to General Wood. Many Cuban and American friends of the old soldier gathered at the West Twenty-third street ferry to greet him, and they cheered him heartily when he was seen. He smiled and spoke gratefully to men and women acquaintances. General Gomez, formerly of the Cuban revolutionary party, took him to the Astoria hotel. General Gomez said to this country is said to be friendly with Palma about the Cuban

**OUR FINANCIAL STATUS**  
**Treasury Is in Most Satisfactory Condition.**  
**A VERY ENCOURAGING OUTLOOK**  
 The Exports of Domestic Products Amount to \$1,500,000,000—Surplus For the Fiscal Year, \$75,601,042.19. Heavy Internal Revenue Receipts.  
 Washington, July 1.—The United States government has just ended the most successful financial year in its history. The fiscal year ended on June 30, but as the last day of the present fiscal period happened to fall on Sunday the records of the treasury department were virtually complete at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. While the finances of the government are in a most encouraging condition the commerce and industries of the United States as shown by official records kept during the 12 months have reached a condition of prosperity unprecedented, the exports of domestic products amounting to about \$1,500,000,000 and the balance of trade being far larger than ever before.  
 The United States treasury has had a most remarkable year, and Secretary Gage says that the outlook for the fiscal year 1902 is as encouraging as at any time since the government was established. So far as he can see there are no rocks ahead, and he authorizes the statement that he will continue indefinitely the purchase of bonds, relying on the great resources of the treasury and the steady income from sources of revenue to sustain him. He says also that he has no immediate intention of resuming the refunding operations authorized by the act of March 14, 1900.  
 This year, for the first time, the secretary of the treasury purchased bonds in the open market without advertising for proposals, as has been the custom heretofore. The treasury has received during the fiscal year more than it has spent by the sum of \$75,601,042.19, which is the largest surplus that has been realized in any year in the last decade except 1900.  
**Many Bonds Bought.**  
 It would have exceeded by far even the record of last year had not purchases of bonds been made to the amount of nearly \$15,000,000. Yet, as Mr. Gage remarked, a large surplus is not to be regarded as an unmixed blessing, and it is only valuable in a survey of our finances as showing the prosperous condition of the treasury.  
 One significant thing in the treasury statement is that the last day of the fiscal year the availing cash balance, amounting to \$175,988,221.23, is larger than ever before in the history of the country. At the same time the stock of gold in the treasury vaults has reached the enormous sum of nearly \$200,000,000, a condition which a few days ago was entirely unlooked for.  
 The briefest record of the treasury finances during the last year is as follows: Receipts from customs, \$228,789,711; from internal revenue, \$365,214,111; from miscellaneous sources, \$11,517,157; total, \$595,548,980; expenditures for civil and miscellaneous purposes, \$122,286,080; for the military establishment, \$115,435,512; for the navy, \$60,580,706; for Indians, \$10,891,975; for pensions, \$139,821,139; for interest, \$32,341,071; total, \$599,917,206. The receipts from customs were about \$6,000,000 larger this year than last year and from internal revenue about \$12,000,000 larger.  
 The war department was more expensive this year by about \$10,000,000 than it was in 1900, the navy about \$1,000,000 more and the civil and miscellaneous expenses about \$17,000,000 more. On the other hand, the refunding of the national debt has caused a saving of interest already of about \$8,000,000.  
**Well Known Clergyman Dead.**  
 Catskill, N. Y., July 1. Rev. Dr. Byron Sunderland of Washington died here of cerebral embolism yesterday afternoon at the home of his son in law, Orrin Day, president of the Farmers' National bank. Dr. Sunderland was 82 years of age and for more than 40 years had been an active minister of the gospel. For 48 years he was pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Washington, from which he retired because of advancing years in 1898. He was a native of Vermont, where he was born in 1819, and his first pulpit appearance was at Alexander, N. Y. It was at Dr. Sunderland's church that President and Mrs. Cleveland had a pew while Cleveland was president, and the minister officiated at the wedding ceremony when Mr. Cleveland married Miss Polson.  
**Miners' Wage Scale Settled.**  
 Birmingham, Ala., July 1. The coal miners and mine operators of Alabama, after conferences covering the entire week, have agreed on a basis of settlement of the wage scale for the ensuing year beginning today. It was agreed to renew the old wage scale, with 15 cents per ton as the maximum, and to refer local conditions which have arisen at certain mines since last July to a joint arbitration committee. This agreement is conditional on the approval of the miners as a body. Twelve thousand men are involved.  
**How to Tell the Genuine.**  
 The signature of E. W. Grove appears on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine.




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**Porto Rican Refused Admission.**  
 New York, July 1. Immigration officers yesterday boarded the steamship Ponce on her arrival from Porto Rico at the Empire Stores pier, Brooklyn. Among the first class passengers was Senor Rafael Janer, one of the leading teachers and journalists of San Juan. He was accompanied by his wife and five children and also brought over ten other children, ranging from 9 to 12 years old, members of prominent Porto Rican families, the purpose being to place them in New York schools for a year or more. Senor Janer said he was amply supplied with cash, showing \$2,100 to the officers. He also produced New York friends who vouched for him, but he was forced to stay aboard all night. The immigration department explains its action by saying that its duties end at midnight on Sundays, and any one arriving with a number of children after 12 m. Sunday must wait until Monday to have his case investigated.  
**Guarding Government Vessels.**  
 New York, July 1. A special to The Tribune from Newport News, Va., says that the government has stationed guards on all of its work at the shipyard as a precautionary measure during the strike. On the new battleship Illinois, which will go into commission soon, the monitor Arkansas and the battleship Albatross men have been placed to protect the government's interests. These guards are additional to the shipyard's regular police force. The mechanics have decided not to return to work until their demands are granted, and the reports that the men would go back today are groundless.  
**Two Hundred Soldiers Home.**  
 Port Townsend, Wash., July 1. The United States transport Kintuck has arrived here from Nagasaki with 200 soldiers on board. She is held in the stream pending a decision of Surgeon General Wyman whether she will be sent to Diamond Point quarantine station. While at Nagasaki a case of bubonic plague developed on the Kintuck, and the vessel was taken ashore, where it died. The vessel was fumigated and detained ten days in quarantine at Nagasaki and then allowed to proceed on her voyage to this city.  
**Eleven Deaths in Pittsburg.**  
 Pittsburg, July 1. Between midnight Saturday and midnight Sunday 11 deaths directly traceable to the effects of heat and 15 prostrations are recorded. In addition to this many children have succumbed, as is evidenced by the burial permits issued. In the past 18 hours 50 permits have been issued, three-fourths of which were for children under 4 years.  
**Czarowitz to Wed.**  
 London, July 1. A dispatch to The Telegraph from St. Petersburg says it is reported that the czarowitz has been formally betrothed to Princess Cecil of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.



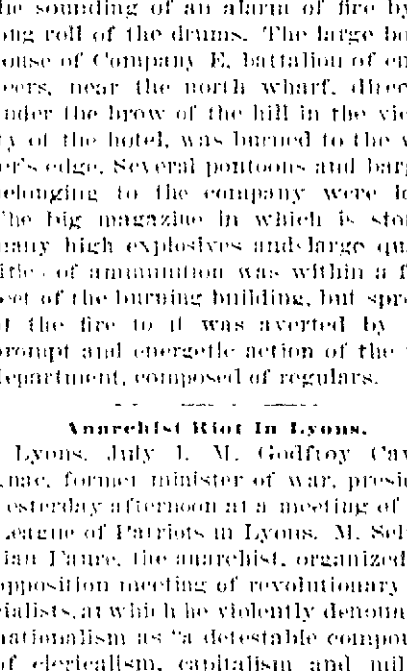
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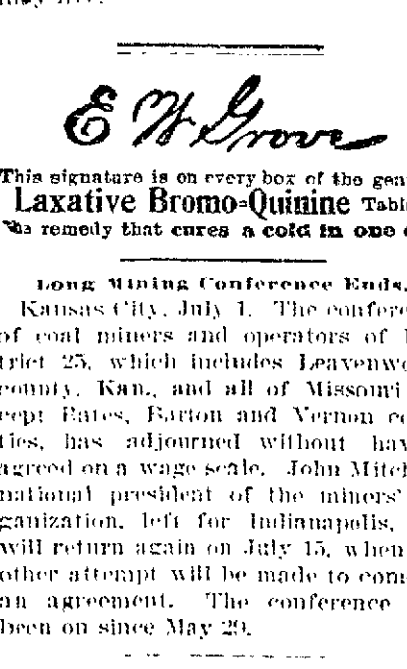
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**TIENTSIN CROWDED.**  
 The City Is Full of Officers on Their Way Home.  
 Tientsin, July 1.—The city of Tientsin is now more crowded than ever. Officers of all nations are here en route for their homes, and the hotels are placing cots in every available place. Apartments have been prepared at the University of Tientsin for Prince Chun and his suit of 10, who will remain there for three days before leaving for Germany to make formal apologies for the murder of Baron von Ketteler.  
 Mr. Denby, who, when the foreign troops arrived, was appointed by the China Merchants company to protect their property, says the company in their claim against the United States government do not use the word "loot" against the marines, but merely held them responsible. The greater part of the company's property consisted of rice, which was afterward distributed under orders from the British and American generals to assist those in need. Mr. Denby thinks the company's claim should have been added to the indemnity as legitimate expenditure.  
 Other Tientsin merchants say the company never had 300,000 taels' worth of property here.

**HOT IN NEW YORK.**  
 Nineteen Deaths and Twenty-seven Prostrations in Manhattan.  
 New York, July 1. June's dying gasp sent the mercury to 97.2 degrees, which is further up the official tube than it has ever gone before on any June day in 30 years except on June 6, 1890, when it reached the same figures. The hour of maximum temperature yesterday was 4 p. m. There was no suspicion of a thunder shower within a radius of many miles of New York, notwithstanding the prediction of the official prophets.  
 Debilitated by the heat of two withering days, the impatient dwellers found it harder yesterday fighting the triple rays of one of the fiercest June suns that has ever shone hereabouts, and the list of deaths and prostrations was greater than on Saturday.  
 In Manhattan 19 deaths from the heat and 27 prostrations had been reported to the police at midnight.  
**West Point Magazine Endangered.**  
 West Point, N. Y., July 1. Patrons of the West Point hotel were startled about 3 o'clock yesterday morning by the sounding of an alarm of fire by a long roll of the drums. The large magazine of Company E, battalion of engineers, near the north wharf, directly under the brow of the hill in the vicinity of the hotel, was burned to the water's edge. Several pontoons and barges belonging to the company were lost. The big magazine in which is stored many high explosives and large quantities of ammunition was within a few feet of the burning building, but spread of the fire to it was averted by the prompt and energetic action of the fire department, composed of regulars.  
**Anarchist Riot in Lyons.**  
 Lyons, July 1. M. Godfrey Cavagne, former minister of war, presided yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the League of Patriots in Lyons. M. Sebastian Faure, the anarchist, organized an opposition meeting of revolutionary socialists, at which he violently denounced nationalism as "a detestable compound of clericalism, capitalism and militarism." Subsequently the socialists marched in procession through the streets, shouting "Down with Cavagne!" and "Down with the priests." Ultimately they became riotous, and several were arrested.  
**Little Girl Badly Burned.**  
 Syracuse, July 1. Rosa Wenzel, a 6-year-old girl, while playing near the altar in a neighbor's house, tipped over a candle which set fire to her clothes. She was terribly burned, but may live.  
**Long Mining Conference Ends.**  
 Kansas City, July 1. The conference of coal miners and operators of District 25, which includes Leavenworth county, Kan., and all of Missouri except Bates, Barton and Vernon counties, has adjourned without having agreed on a wage scale. John Mitchell, national president of the miners' organization, left for Indianapolis, but will return again on July 15, when another attempt will be made to come to an agreement. The conference has been on since May 29.  
**Pearls in Iowa.**  
 Lansing, Ia., July 1.—This city bids fair to become famous for the many pearls found here. One has been sold for \$1,800. It was found by an old Swede named Benson on the claim which produced the famous Queen Mary about a month ago and, although weighing less, 66 grains, is a much finer and more valuable gem. No less than 12 pearls were found here one day last week, but the Benson will probably go down in history as the finest of them all.  
**Great Cloudburst in Quebec.**  
 Lowelltown, Mo., July 1. Two miles of roadbed and bridges on the Canadian Pacific railroad at Bury province, Quebec, have been washed away by a cloudburst, houses flooded and miles of highway destroyed. It is reported that in some places the water was 20 feet deep. No lives were lost. All trains on this section of the Canadian Pacific road are at a standstill, and on the Quebec Central the conditions are reported nearly as serious.

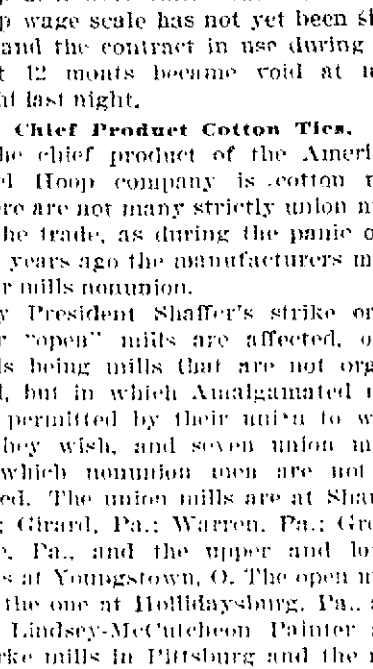


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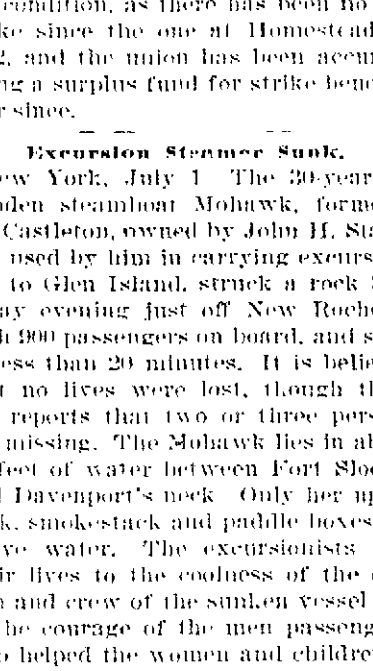


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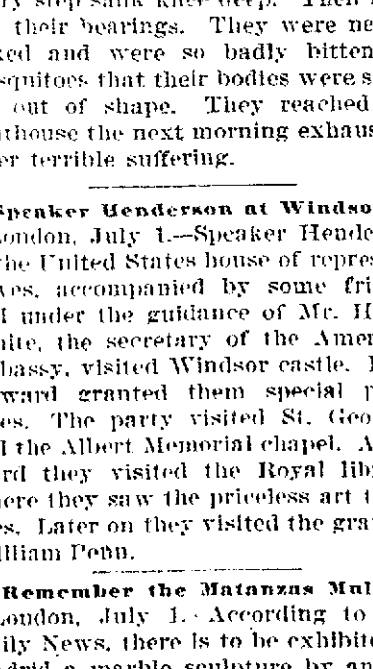
**STEEL HOOP MEN STRIKE**  
**With Sheet Steel Men There Are 50,000 Out in Pittsburg.**  
**ORDERED BY THE AMALGAMATED**  
 Because the Wage Scale Has Not Been Signed—It Is Not a Move of Labor Against the Big Steel Trust, It Is Said.  
 Pittsburg, July 1.—Fifteen thousand union employees of the American Steel Hoop company were notified this morning to strike. Including the men that were affected by the open strike order sent out on Saturday night from the Amalgamated association's headquarters here, 50,000 are idle, 35,000 of them being employees of the American Steel Hoop company. The order for the steel hoop men to strike would have been sent out yesterday had not President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers formerly been a preacher, therefore adverse, as he says, to doing business on Sunday.  
 The calling out of the hoop men is not a move in the line of causing a strike in all the constituent companies of the United States Steel corporation. That campaign has not yet begun. The hoop men were called out because the hoop wage scale has not yet been signed, and the contract in use during the past 12 months became void at midnight last night.  
**Chief Product Cotton Ties.**  
 The chief product of the American Steel Hoop company is cotton ties. There are not many strictly union mills in the trade, as during the panic of a few years ago the manufacturers made their mills nonunion.  
 By President Shaffer's strike order four "open" mills are affected, open mills being mills that are not organized, but in which Amalgamated men are permitted by their union to work. If they wish, and seven union mills, in which nonunion men are not allowed. The union mills are at Sharon, Pa.; Grand, Pa.; Warren, Pa.; Greenville, Pa., and the upper and lower mills at Youngstown, O. The open mills are the one at Hollidaysburg, Pa., and the Lindsay-McClintock Painter and Clarke mills in Pittsburg and the mill at Monaca, Pa.  
 President Shaffer said last night that the association's treasury is in flourishing condition, as there has been no big strike since the one at Homestead in 1892, and the union has been accumulating a surplus fund for strike benefits ever since.  
**Excursion Steamer Sunk.**  
 New York, July 1. The 20-year-old wooden steamer Mohawk, formerly the Castleton, owned by John H. Starin and used by him in carrying excursionists to Glen Island, struck a rock Saturday evening just off New Rochelle, with 900 passengers on board, and sank in less than 20 minutes. It is believed that no lives were lost, though there are reports that two or three persons are missing. The Mohawk lies in about 30 feet of water between Fort Schuyl and Davenport's neck. Only her upper deck, smoke-stack and paddle boxes are above water. The excursionists owe their lives to the coolness of the captain and crew of the sunken vessel and to the courage of the men passengers, who helped the women and children to get into life preservers and boats before making their own escape.  
**Lost in Hackensack Swamp.**  
 Union Hill, N. J., July 1.—Henry Eggle, Charles Mertens and Otto Reinman, bakers of this place, went for a row on the Hackensack river at Mill Creek, N. J. The boat upset on a pile, Eggle sank and did not reappear. The other two dived for his body several times and then swam for the shore. They landed in the swamp and at every step sank knee deep. Then they lost their bearings. They were nearly naked and were so badly bitten by mosquitoes that their bodies were swollen out of shape. They reached the boathouse the next morning exhausted, after terrible suffering.  
**Speaker Henderson at Windsor.**  
 London, July 1.—Speaker Henderson of the United States house of representatives, accompanied by some friends and under the guidance of Mr. Henry White, the secretary of the American embassy, visited Windsor castle. King Edward granted them special privileges. The party visited St. George's and the Albert Memorial chapel. Afterward they visited the Royal Library, where they saw the priceless art treasures. Later on they visited the grave of William Pitt.  
**Remember the Matanzas Mule.**  
 London, July 1.—According to The Daily News, there is to be exhibited in Madrid a marble sculpture by an Andalusian artist representing the noted Matanzas mule just after he received his death wound from an American shell during the late war. The sculptor obtained the dying expression by having a mule shot and instantly photographed.  
**Killed by a Flat Bow.**  
 Philadelphia, July 1.—Francis Grilly, aged 35 years, was knocked down and instantly killed by Charles Raff, aged 50 years. Grilly was intoxicated and had been annoying Raff, who, becoming angry, struck his tormentor a blow in the right temple. Grilly fell to the ground and when picked up was dead. Raff is under arrest.  
**Aged Engineer Fatally Sunstruck.**  
 Schenectady, N. Y., July 1.—William Van Epps, one of the oldest engineers on the New York Central, who was sunstruck on Friday, died last night, aged 72 years. Three other cases of persons overcome by the heat are now being treated at the City hospital, but none of them is believed to be serious.



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**VOLUNTEER ARMY ENDS**  
**Four Regiments Mustered Out In One Day.**  
**MAJOR GENERAL SHAFTER RETIRES**  
 Turns Over Command at San Francisco to General Young—Soldiers Receive \$1,500,000 at the Presidio. An Interesting Spectacle.  
 San Francisco, July 1.—A large company of military men and civilians met yesterday at Black Point to witness the transfer of the command of the department of California and the Columbia from Major General William H. Shafter to Major General S. M. B. Young. General Shafter made an address, in which he dwelt on his 40 years of service and the results that have followed the Spanish war. General Young paid a high tribute to the character and military record of General Shafter.  
 Major General Shafter has been a major general of volunteers since May 1, 1898. He was retired several months ago as a major general of the regular army.  
 General Young announced his personal staff as follows:  
 Captain W. R. Smedberg, Jr., of the Fourteenth cavalry, class of '93, West Point, from San Francisco; Captain H. P. Howard of the Fourteenth cavalry, class of '91, from St. Paul, and First Lieutenant James F. McKinley of the Eleventh cavalry, from Canton, O., nephew of the president, who was appointed from civil life two years ago.  
**Paying the Volunteers.**  
 The unusual spectacle was seen at the Presidio yesterday of the mustering out on one day of four regiments of volunteers and the paying out of \$1,500,000 to the discharged soldiers. The Thirty-eighth, Forty-fourth, Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth regiments were mustered out. Clerks were at work on the rolls until late Saturday night, and everything was arranged for a task which had not been attempted here before.  
 Forty-five artillerymen, mounted and armed, escorted the treasure and pay corps to the reservation. In order to protect the soldiers on the grounds from swindlers 100 men of Troop E, Fifteenth cavalry, were stationed around the reservation. Two of the regiments mustered out, the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth, were colored, and the men had between three and four months' pay due them.  
 As soon as the volunteers had been mustered out they rushed hurriedly to the railroad ticket offices for transportation to their eastern homes. The ticket offices were crowded until late in the night with discharged volunteers, and nearly 4,000 tickets were issued.  
 There yet remain three volunteer regiments to be discharged, the Forty-third, the Forty-seventh and the Forty-first. They will be paid off today. The volunteer army will then have passed into history.  
**Wrecked on Lake Superior.**  
 Winnipeg, July 1.—Word has reached this city of the wreck on Lake Superior of the steamer Preston, Captain Barlow, of Toledo. On Saturday morning the steamer Athabasca, Captain McDougall, sighted the Preston, which was showing flags of distress and was at the mercy of a severe storm. She was waterlogged, and 12 men and 2 women were clinging to the rigging. After great difficulty Captain McDougall succeeded in reaching the vessel with a lifeline thrown by a rocket and after four hours of hard labor rescued all but one man, named William Eckert, of Algonac, Mich., wheelman on the ill-fated vessel, who was badly crushed and sank. The remainder of the crew were landed safely at Port William.  
**Martial Law in Panama.**  
 Kingston, Jamaica, July 1.—The steamer Orinoco, which has just arrived here from Colon, Colombia, reports that martial law has been proclaimed in Panama owing to a report that the rebel forces are being organized. It also appears that considerable fighting is in progress in the interior and that the government is dispatching reinforcements, arms and ammunition to the garrisons in the interior and also to certain coast towns. It is further reported that stringent precautions are being taken in Panama in consequence of the fear that the rebels will attack the city. Similar conditions obtained at Colon when the Orinoco left.  
**To Change Accession Oath.**  
 London, July 1.—The report of the select committee of the house of lords appointed to consider the accession declaration of the sovereign in regard to transubstantiation finds that the language can be advantageously modified without diminishing its efficacy as security for the maintenance of the Protestant succession. The form of declaration suggested by the committee does not contain phrases relative to idolatry, etc., which are so objectionable to Roman Catholics.  
**Cool Advances Again.**  
 Philadelphia, July 1.—The anthracite coal trade presents no appreciable change. Another monthly advance of 10 cents per ton goes into effect today, and the regular circular rates have been and will be maintained at the higher figures. The situation involves practically nothing that is new.  
**Empress Feels Treachery.**  
 Shanghai, July 1.—Marquis Tseng has received a dispatch from Sian-fu to the effect that the empress dowager, fearing a trap to capture her, declined to return to Peking and has notified the grand council that the future capital will be Kai-fang-fu, in the province of Honan.



**Pennyroyal Pills**  
  
 CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH  
 Pennyroyal Pills  
 For Women  
 Sold Everywhere  
 Price 25 Cents  
 Made in England

**VIOLIN, CORNET, MANDOLIN AND BANJO**  
 Instructions. R. L. Heinwald, Bandmaster  
 U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court Street, Reine-  
 wald's Naval Orchestra furnishes music for all  
 occasions. Chas. H. B. Roy, Prompter.

**WANTED—ONE MILLION ACRES OF**  
 Kansas Land, Cash Buyers. Highest  
 references. Write at once to PERKINS & CO.,  
 Lawrence, Mass.

**Granite State**  
**Fire Insurance Company**  
 of Portsmouth, N. H.

**Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000.**

**OFFICERS:**  
 President, FRANK JONES;  
 Vice-President, JOHN W. SANBORN;  
 Secretary, ALFRED F. HOWARD;  
 Asst. Secretary, JOHN W. EMERY;  
 Treasurer, JUSTIN V. HANSBORN;  
 Executive Committee, FRANK JONES,  
 JOHN W. SANBORN, JUSTIN V.  
 HANSBORN, ALBERT WALLACE,  
 and E. H. WINCHESTER.

**We Are Now Receiving Two**  
**Cargos of**

**PORTLAND CEMENT**

**AND THE**  
**HOFFMAN CEMENT**

The only lot of fresh cement in the city  
 We have the largest stock  
 and constant shipments en-  
 sure the newest cements.

**J. A. & A. W. WALKER**  
**137 MARKET ST.**

**Buy Now!**

We just received a new lot of  
 Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wag-  
 ons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Stove  
 Wagons and Sleighs Carriages.

Also a large line of New and Second-Hand  
 Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy  
 and Light, and I will sell them  
 at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look them, if  
 not want to buy.

**THOMAS McCUE,**  
 Stone Stable, -- Fleet Street

**STANDARD BRAND.**  
**Newark cement**

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just  
 Landed.

**THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT**

Has been on the market for the past fifty  
 years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other  
 Public Works.

And has received the commendation of En-  
 gineers, Architects and Consumers generally.  
 Persons wanting cement should not be  
 misled. Obtain the best.

**FOR SALE BY**  
**JOHN E. BROUGHTON**

**The Trouble.**  
 The naturalist's wife had gone out for  
 a few moments and left the baby in  
 charge of her absentminded husband.  
 When she returned, she was not a little  
 disturbed to discover the baby crying  
 dismally and its father with a collection  
 of his largest bottles of alcohol before  
 him, evidently at his wits' end.

"Why, David, David!" cried the good  
 woman, snatching up the child. "What  
 is the matter?"  
 "Well, my dear," responded the great  
 naturalist simply, still gazing at the  
 baby. "It's very strange, but I can't find  
 a bottle large enough to hold him any-  
 where."—Town and Country.

**A Little Knowledge.**  
 A small boy went to see his grandmoth-  
 er. After looking eagerly round where she  
 sat, he exclaimed indignantly:  
 "Oh, grandamma, where is the miser-  
 able table papa says you keep?"—Fun.

Queretaro, Mexico, has a claim to in-  
 terest in being the place where the Mex-  
 ican congress ratified the treaty with the  
 United States, in 1848, by which Mexico  
 ceded all the territory north and east of  
 the Rio Grande.

## LABOR OF CONVICTS.

**PLAN TO UTILIZE IT IN ARID REGION**  
**UNDER FEDERAL CONTROL.**

**Senator Dietrich of Nebraska Re-  
 vives and Works Out an Idea Ad-  
 vanced Some Years Ago by Western**  
**Law Men—A Bill For Congress.**

A Lincoln (Neb.) correspondent  
 writes:

Federal control of penitentiaries, the  
 paroling of the greater number of the  
 prisoners and the utilization of their  
 energies in constructing irrigation  
 ditches and water reservoirs in the  
 arid west are some of the changes  
 which Senator Charles H. Dietrich of  
 Nebraska will aim to bring about by  
 introducing a bill embracing all these  
 features in the next congress. By his  
 scheme he purposes to better the con-  
 dition of the prisoners and at the same  
 time make their labors useful to so-  
 ciety.

Recently he conferred with his col-  
 league, Senator J. H. Millard, and dis-  
 cussed the basic principles of the plan.  
 Congressmen Elmer J. Burkett and  
 David H. Mercer also were present,  
 with two well known constitutional  
 lawyers. Senator Dietrich made known  
 his views on convict labor, and they  
 were heartily indorsed by his col-  
 leagues. The attorneys failed to see  
 any constitutional objections to his  
 proposed course of action. As a re-  
 sult of the meeting Senator Dietrich  
 hastened to Washington to work out  
 the details of his scheme and draw  
 up the bill. He will have the hearty  
 support and co-operation of the re-  
 mainder of the Nebraska delegation,  
 who will try to secure additional aid  
 from the representatives of the arid  
 states.

Senator Dietrich purposes to divide  
 the United States into immense dis-  
 tricts. In each one of them a federal  
 prison will be maintained. To the fed-  
 eral prisons all convicts will be sent.  
 The authorities at each penitentiary  
 will be required to select all orderly,  
 well behaved convicts for labor in the  
 arid regions. These men are to be pro-  
 vided with citizen clothing and taken  
 to the scene of their labors, where they  
 will be treated as ordinary workmen.  
 Good conduct and efficient labor would,  
 of course, greatly shorten the sentence.  
 Besides, the men would be allowed a  
 fair sum each month for their services.  
 This would be saved and given to the  
 prisoners when discharged.

In this way the task of redeeming  
 the barren lands in the western states  
 could be cheaply and economically  
 done by men who are now pining in  
 confinement. A vast increase in wealth  
 would result, contends the senator. The  
 convict would be greatly benefited, be-  
 cause the pure air, wholesome food and  
 interesting labor would make his sur-  
 roundings better and more cheerful.  
 The tainted atmosphere of the prison  
 would be counteracted. Short term  
 men and those whose criminal instincts  
 are not prominently developed could  
 labor together, and the worst feature  
 of prison life, the dissemination of  
 criminal desires, would be eliminated.

To guard the prisoners the idle  
 troops and cavalry squads could be  
 pressed into service. The district in  
 which the convicts labor, according to  
 the plan of Senator Dietrich, could be  
 guarded by a strong picket line of sol-  
 diers. The latter would not come in  
 contact with the convicts and could  
 receive valuable training in actual out-  
 door service. In camp a detailed record  
 of each man's delinquencies would be  
 kept. For pardons good prison conduct  
 would be required. Senator Dietrich is  
 confident that insurrections and at-  
 tempts at escape can be eliminated en-  
 tirely.

Skilled engineers and government ex-  
 perts are depended upon by the senator  
 to outline the work. By careful  
 selection the labor would be sufficient-  
 ly skilled to conduct the work.

Senator Dietrich was first prompted  
 to devise the scheme on humanitarian  
 grounds. Twenty-five years ago he was  
 working as a day laborer in the  
 swamps of Arkansas and Mississippi.  
 At that time the convict camp, with  
 all its terrors, was in vogue. The  
 prisoners were compelled to do the  
 most exhausting labor on a diet of  
 bacon, corn bread and river water,  
 with only a few hours devoted to sleep  
 and rest. Nearly all the convicts wore  
 the ball and chain. The inhuman treat-  
 ment and loss of energy as well as  
 the unsanitary conditions vividly im-  
 pressed the future senator. From that  
 time until the present he has never  
 ceased to meditate on a plan for im-  
 proving prison conditions.

According to his theory, confinement  
 within prison walls detracts from the  
 strength of mind and body. The moral  
 atmosphere is tainted and contaminat-  
 ing. There is no distinction made be-  
 tween the most debased criminal and  
 the man who erred through the strenu-  
 ous pressure of unfortunate circum-  
 stances. He maintains that out of the  
 35,000 criminals in the United States  
 25,000 are detained within the prison  
 walls on account of the defects of the  
 present system.

In prison the convict is frequently  
 employed in time killing drudgery,  
 argues the senator. His labor benefits  
 neither himself nor the state. When  
 the prisoner is released, mind and body  
 are both weakened by confinement.  
 Reproach and contempt follow as a  
 matter of course. Under such circum-  
 stances there is no chance for the dis-  
 charged prisoner who wants to lead  
 an honest life. He cannot make a liv-  
 ing in competition with his fellows.  
 Vagrancy and fresh crimes are the in-  
 evitable results.

By labor in the arid regions the con-  
 victs could work in the open air. Their  
 surroundings would be the most health-  
 ful. The labor, insists the senator,  
 would be pleasant and less onerous

than in the prison. In the continual  
 change of scene the men would forget  
 the past and no longer brood over their  
 mistakes or plot revenge. The continual  
 change of scene would induce them to  
 forget their condition, and the wages  
 paid them would be of assistance when  
 the day of discharge came.

By such a plan the convict would  
 make adequate and just reparation to  
 the state for his offense. For his breach  
 of law he would have contributed to  
 the wealth of the country. This public  
 sentiment would quickly perceive, and  
 the convict would be more liable to get  
 better treatment in the way of future  
 employment.

Senator Dietrich is a bluff, determin-  
 ed man of 48. His early life was spent  
 in the swamps of the south, the Black  
 Hills region and the prairies of west-  
 ern Nebraska. He has acquired a snug  
 fortune.

### The Millerand Matter.

The last two annual congresses of  
 French Socialists have been greatly  
 agitated by the question as to whether  
 the present French minister of com-  
 merce, M. Millerand, who is a Socialist,  
 did right in accepting a portfolio in the  
 Waldeck-Rousseau ministry, which is  
 designated as a "bourgeois cabinet." Last  
 year the congress met in the Salle  
 Wagram in Paris and after a tempestu-  
 ous debate and the withdrawal of the  
 revolutionary faction decided that M.  
 Millerand's position in the present cabi-  
 net was purely a personal matter  
 which had no socialistic significance  
 one way or the other.

The congress of 1901 has just closed  
 its sessions in the Salle des Folies-Ber-  
 gere in Lyons. In spite of the fact that  
 during the past year M. Millerand had  
 been instrumental in having passed  
 several measures of great benefit to the  
 laboring classes and is still about to  
 propose others quite as beneficial a  
 large faction appeared at the congress  
 prepared to drive him out of the party  
 or the ministry. A measure was intro-  
 duced by M. Delapierre declaring that  
 M. Millerand had placed himself out-  
 side the Socialist party by his action.  
 This was rejected by a vote of 910 to  
 296, and in consequence the revolution-  
 ary section, as usual, left the hall as a  
 mark of protest.

Subsequently the congress adopted  
 by 904 to 42 a motion proposed by M.  
 Briand declaring that M. Millerand's  
 position in the ministry could not bind  
 the Socialist party to the executive  
 power and that M. Millerand conse-  
 quently did not represent that party in  
 the cabinet. The motion further set  
 forth that the attitude of the party to-  
 ward the present ministry should be  
 the same as toward all bourgeois min-  
 istries and hence determined exclusiv-  
 ly by the interests of the Socialist pro-  
 letariat. This means that Socialist depu-  
 ties will only support those govern-  
 ment measures which may be deemed  
 important as more distinctly than  
 ever drawing the line between the an-  
 archist socialists and those who would  
 bring about a state of socialism by leg-  
 islative means.

### In Russia.

A correspondent of a London news-  
 paper writing from Odessa says, the  
 continued unrest among the industrial  
 classes in Russia is causing the liveli-  
 est concern among the military and  
 civil authorities, both central and pro-  
 vincial. This has been increased by  
 the recent discovery of the movement  
 for a general trades union of all the  
 workmen in the iron and steel fac-  
 tories. He says that the government is  
 gradually awakening to a realization of  
 the fact that the time is approaching  
 rapidly when it will no longer be safe  
 to take the side of the employers  
 against the employed as a matter of  
 course. He quotes a significant remark  
 made in his presence a short time ago  
 by an experienced inspector of Russian  
 factories. He said: "If Russia were to  
 find herself at war tomorrow with a  
 great power, she might possibly be able  
 to wage it without any obstructive  
 drawback in the shape of internal trou-  
 ble and complication, but if we should  
 be launched into a great struggle at the  
 end, say, of the next quinquennium,  
 and things should drag along in the  
 meantime in their present precarious  
 and treacherous groove, then we should  
 require a strong garrison in every in-  
 dustrial center in the empire. We  
 should want 200,000 or 300,000 troops  
 in Finland and 500,000 in Poland, to  
 say nothing of the requirements of the  
 Caucasus. Industrial discontent and  
 political disaffection are for funda-  
 mental reasons you will readily under-  
 stand synonymous and inseparable  
 terms and quantities as applied to the  
 mass of our countrymen."

### The Doom of Newton Miners.

A West Newton (Pa.) dispatch says:  
 The doom of 10 men buried in the Port  
 Royal coal mine was sealed when the  
 waters of the Yonghogeny river were  
 turned into the mine.  
 As the water went rushing into the  
 mine, sweeping through the shafts,  
 headings, drifts and air passages, the  
 wives, daughters and sweethearts of  
 the doomed men stood around the  
 mouth of the works, wild with grief  
 and terror, listening to the roar of the  
 muddy tide that sealed the fate of their  
 loved ones.

Some pleaded for one more effort to  
 rescue the men, while others gave  
 themselves up to mute despair.  
 It was the most awful scene ever wit-  
 nessed in this region.  
 All night long men with huge drilling  
 machines worked hard sinking im-  
 mense wells in the bottom of the  
 Yonghogeny river, which runs above  
 the mine. Through these wells the wa-  
 ter was turned on early today.

For two days the waters will be al-  
 lowed to run into the mine, quenching  
 the fires raging within it. It will take  
 a year to pump it out, and until then  
 the bodies of the miners cannot be re-  
 covered.

## ONE PHASE OF MANIA.

**The Fear of Space Is as Real as Any**  
**Other Kind of Fear.**

"But speaking of manias," said an  
 observant citizen, "several years ago I  
 had occasion to study the most singu-  
 lar case of dread that I ever saw in my  
 life, and it was the case, too, of a  
 man whose personal history and whose  
 great genius would be far more inter-  
 esting than this single peculiarity. But  
 I shall refrain from any minute refer-  
 ence to the man or to the part he played  
 in life. He is a poet and is known  
 from one end of the country to the  
 other for the brilliancy of his verse.  
 Wherever there is a gathering of Bo-  
 hemians he is quoted quite as often as  
 Omar, and in fact some of his lines are  
 more popular in this country than any  
 of the catchy bits of Bohemianism that  
 are found in the Rubaiyat."

"He used to come to my office very  
 often, and there was a mutual friend  
 who had an office just under mine. My  
 friend's office was in the basement, and  
 there was a rather dark stairway that  
 led down to it. As often as he would  
 come to my office he would ask me to  
 show him the way to the office of my  
 friend, and I would do so. I would go  
 nearly to the top of the steps with him.  
 He would pause, gaze down the long  
 stairway as if half alarmed and then  
 walk out the hallway to the street. The  
 first time I paid no attention to the  
 matter, as I thought he had just want-  
 ed to change his mind or that he just want-  
 ed to learn where the office was in or-  
 der to call some other time. But my  
 suspicion was aroused when he kept  
 on asking me where the office of our  
 friend was, so I made up my mind to  
 make a close study of the matter and  
 waited probably a week before my  
 friend, the poet, called again. When  
 he had concluded his talk with me, he  
 turned to me and asked that I show  
 him the way to the office of our friend.  
 I was glad to do it in order to observe  
 more closely his conduct. He went  
 through the usual performance, failing  
 to go down the stairway."

"I went to a physician," the narrator  
 continued, "who made a specialty of  
 peculiar things in a psychological way  
 and told him how strangely the poet  
 had acted. The last time I had gone to  
 the stairway with him he seemed to  
 linger longer than usual, and his face  
 wore a frantic cast as he looked down  
 the long, dark stairway. The physician  
 immediately classified the mental de-  
 rangement and told me that he had  
 never seen a case of it and would like  
 to meet the poet in order to conduct  
 an experiment. He said it was a fear  
 of space and gave me the technical  
 name for it, but this is unimportant.  
 The physician told me that it was a  
 rare mental disease and manifested it-  
 self in different ways. But a general  
 symptom was found in a fear of dark  
 places."

"The fact is," the physician said,  
 "that men afflicted in this way are  
 afraid that they will be swallowed up  
 by some great and bottomless chasm,  
 and no doubt our poet friend believed  
 that if he had ventured down the dark  
 stairway which led to the office of his  
 friend he would have stepped off of the  
 earth, and as he was not ready to quit  
 the world, he did not go."  
 "After this the physician met the  
 poet, and he told me of a number of in-  
 teresting experiments he had made  
 with him and said there was no ques-  
 tion about the correctness of his first  
 diagnosis. It was a case of fear of  
 space, and after the poet is gone, if  
 the physician survives him, he will prob-  
 ably regale his scientific brethren with  
 a rather interesting record taken from  
 the life of one of America's great  
 poets."—New Orleans Times-Democrat

### Soldiering Under Difficulties.

At a church gathering some time ago  
 a number of deaf mutes were present.  
 Refreshments were served during the  
 evening, and in handing a cup of coffee  
 to one of the guests a deaf mute gen-  
 tleman happened to spill a few drops  
 on his wife's skirt. The wife is deaf  
 and dumb, and it was evident that  
 she took the mishap in a rather irri-  
 table way. She wrinkled up her fore-  
 head and at once made a series of re-  
 markably swift movements with her  
 nimble fingers. The husband, looking  
 exceedingly apologetic, made a few mo-  
 tions in return.

One of the guests, who had noticed  
 this little byplay, slyly slipped out a bit  
 of paper and, penciling something on  
 it, handed it to a friend.

This is what the latter read:  
 "No matter how badly afflicted, wom-  
 an can still soil."

The friend scribbled this in return:  
 "Yes, but in the present case the hus-  
 band is luckier than the average. If he  
 doesn't look, he doesn't get scolded."

### Children and Theaters.

I think even if I could be sure of  
 having an entirely exceptional play  
 presented each week I should shrink  
 from having my children grow used to  
 their presentation, says The Ameri-  
 can Mother. I have a young girl friend  
 who has been to the theater a great  
 deal with a careful father. He be-  
 lieves he allows only such plays as  
 will help to educate her morally and  
 spiritually. Yet the young girl's gov-  
 erness told me the other evening that  
 it has become impossible to interest her  
 in any practical work for hu-  
 manity. She has been educated at  
 the theater, and people who are in  
 great distress or great sorrow seem  
 to her almost like puppets posing for  
 her entertainment, playing their part.  
 Occasionally her taste is even offended  
 because they don't do it more artifice-  
 ally. I want my children to come in  
 contact with real instead of mimic life.

### Not on the Programme.

From Michigan comes the story of a  
 man who stopped at a newspaper office  
 on his way to the theater and placed  
 an advertisement for a boy. Half an  
 hour later one fell from the gallery into  
 his lap.

## HISTORIC SUPERSTITIONS.

**Momentous Part They Sometimes**  
**Play in Human Affairs.**

When Sir Charles Napier had con-  
 quered Mehemet Ali, he found it im-  
 possible to force or coax the wily Egyptian  
 into signing the treaty which only would  
 make his victory effective. He had 19  
 interviews with Mehemet, in which the  
 Englishman by turns argued, flattered  
 and threatened his antagonist, who lis-  
 tened day after day with the same im-  
 movable, smiling countenance.

One day Sir Charles, in speaking of  
 England, said casually that it "was gov-  
 erned by a lucky woman." A strange  
 flash passed over the pasha's counte-  
 nance, but he made no answer. As soon  
 as Napier had gone Mehemet sent for  
 the English consul, who was an Egypt-  
 ian, and demanded:  
 "You were in London when the English  
 queen was crowned. Were the omens  
 bad or good?"

"All good,"  
 "You think that good luck is written on  
 her forehead?"

"I did not think upon the matter before,  
 but now that you ask me I believe that  
 it is. When she asked Allah to help her  
 in her work, her eyes ran over. Allah  
 loves the innocent."

"No doubt of that," said Mehemet  
 anxiously. "She must be lucky."  
 Early the next morning he sent for Sir  
 Charles and signed the treaty. English  
 power and English cannon he could  
 brave, but not "the luck" written upon  
 the forehead of a good woman whom he  
 had never seen.

General Gordon's remarkable influence  
 over the Chinese was in a large degree  
 due, it is stated, to their belief in his ex-  
 traordinary luck. During the Taiping  
 rebellion he was followed by an army  
 which did not comprehend either his abil-  
 ity or his religious zeal, but which be-  
 lieved that he was protected by an invisi-  
 ble being who led them to victory. No  
 second could wound him or bullet kill.  
 A certain black chieftain, who he carried  
 was supposed to be the magic talisman  
 which brought him victory, and General  
 Gordon was slain enough always to  
 carry this case when he led them into  
 battle.

### BAO FORM.

For a gentleman to bow first to a lady.  
 For a gentleman to offer his hand to a  
 lady upon being presented to her.

Ever to cut or snub any one, no mat-  
 ter what the circumstances may be.

To neglect date or address of the writ-  
 er or to post a letter insufficiently stamp-  
 ed.

To hand cards at the ends or turn  
 down the corners. This custom is also  
 late.

To write illegibly, to cross a letter, to  
 write in the third person and sign in the  
 first.

To use highly colored paper for social  
 correspondence, especially rose color or  
 green.

To fail to appear punctually at the  
 hour set for a dinner, breakfast or sup-  
 per party.

To address "Mrs. Rev. John Clarkson  
 Hunt" or "Mrs. Captain Alexander Mar-  
 tin Scott."

To forget to write announcements of  
 one's approaching marriage to relatives  
 and intimate friends.

To repeat an unpleasant comment un-  
 der the transparent excuse that it is done  
 for the subject's good.

To arrive too soon or to remain one  
 moment after the hour stated upon your  
 hostess' card of invitation.

To address a letter written to a mar-  
 ried lady using her own name—for ex-  
 ample, "Mrs. Mary Jane Smith."

To use paper ornamented by mean-  
 ingless designs, by a crest which one is  
 not entitled to or an ostentatious monogram.

To serve six or eight vegetables at one  
 course, to heap the plate with food or in  
 any way convey the idea of a recent fam-  
 ine.

To serve vegetables in numerous small  
 saucers ranged about the dinner plat-  
 after the manner of a railroad eating  
 house.

To monopolize conversation, to make  
 an exhibition of one's talent, however  
 brilliant, at a social function, except  
 when specially invited by the hostess.

To offer congratulations to a young  
 lady upon the announcement of her en-  
 gagement in the presence of a large com-  
 pany or at any time when it may be em-  
 barrassing to be made the object of con-  
 spicuous attention.

### Artist's Errors.

There have been some amazing mis-  
 takes in Academy pictures. There was  
 hung a few years ago a picture with a  
 rainbow with the sun behind it—an ab-  
 surd physical impossibility. Few people  
 noticed it. There is a well known picture  
 of a London street which represents all  
 the traffic on the wrong side of the road  
 way, and more remarkable errors have  
 been made at times. In the famous gal-  
 lery of the content of Jesus at Lisbon  
 is a picture in which Adam and Eve are  
 represented in modern garb, with a pro-  
 cession of monks in the background, and  
 in a country church in Holland there is  
 a painting in which Abraham is depicted as  
 about to sacrifice Isaac with an old fash-  
 ioned gun. The same painter—a Dutch  
 man named Van Goyt—has represented  
 Daniel in the den of lions with a pair of  
 pistols.—St. James Gazette.

### America England's Real Rival.

America is the enemy. It is a century  
 and a quarter since Horace Walpole  
 wrote, "I believe England will be con-  
 quered some day in New England," and  
 a hundred years since Mme. de Staël  
 said to the Americans: "You are the ad-  
 vanced guard of the human race. You  
 have the fortune of the world."

Today the center of commercial and  
 financial gravity has shifted from London  
 to New York, and Washington, not West-  
 minister, is to be the center of civilization.  
 —London Truth.

### Might Have Been Much Worse.

"You admit that the audience howled  
 and whistled through the whole three acts  
 of your play, and you say it might have  
 been worse. How could it?"  
 "There might have been five acts."—  
 Philadelphia Times.

The South African winter begins to-  
 ward the end of April and lasts until Sep-  
 tember.

## FALLEN FLOWERS.

**One of the workers of the world**  
**Living, toiled and, toiling died.**

But others worked, and the world went on  
 And was not changed when he was gone;  
 A strong arm stricken, a wide sail furled,  
 And only a few men sighed.

One of the heroes of the world  
 Fought to conquer, then fought to fall  
 And fell down slain in his blood stained mail,  
 And over his form they sang.

His cause was lost and his banner furled,  
 And only a woman wept.

One of the singers among mankind  
 Sang healing songs from an overwrought heart,  
 But ere men listened the grass and wind  
 Were wasting the rest unsung like a wave,  
 And now of his fame that will ne'er depart  
 He has never heard in his grave.

One of the women who only love  
 Loved and grieved and faded



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For Portsmouth and South's Interests

Read the Herald.

FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1901.

It is of a high degree.

No big six masters seemed to

Order of New England's great

in Minneapolis has acquired a

has been a curious looseness

Arrived, July 1—Steamer City of

ably everyone does not under

The Youth's Companion tells

KNIGHTS AT HAMPTON.

Palestine Commandery of Rochester,

Palestine commandery of Knights

The whole number of the party, about

The cars were boarded at the Boston

The party left the square at about

The chief officers of Palestine com

TWO GREAT GAMES.

The two games at Central park, De

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, July 1—Steamer City of

Arrived, July 2—Tug Honey Brook,

OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of Mrs. Betsey Jenkins

SOUTH ELIOT.

South Eliot, Me., July 2.

Charles H. Cole was in Boston

Mrs. Charles Brown is critically ill

Hotel Green Acre opened last Thurs

Howard Paul of Haverhill has recent

Representatives of the Portsmouth

Kittery and York street railway were

Mrs. Henry Kennist of Portsmouth

Rider George Brown and wife attend

A private party from here took a

A number from this town went to

A number of our townsmen have

OBITUARY.

Thomas Francis Mulcahey.

Thomas Francis Mulcahey, the six

TO BONFIRE COMMITTEE.

The little band of faithful "old boys"

PICNIC PROGRAM.

The Pearl street Sunday school will

The Wrong Room.

"While spending a vacation at Bedford

Woman's Sense of Humor.

Looking around our circle of acquaint

Who Voted?

Over a century ago Benjamin Franklin

A Factory.

In New Zealand two persons working

Give Children Candy.

An authority on the care and feeding

The Parent Chinese.

The parent Chinese is spoken at Nan

Poor Living.

The income of a poor farmer or regu

Burned Cake.

If you burn the top of your cake, take

Vines In Bags.

In the Rhine vineyards one of the

A Bleeding Nose.

Bleeding from the nose may be stop

Apaches' Violins.

The Apaches have three different

A Great Linguist.

Cardinal Mezzanotte spoke 114 lan

The World's Talk.

There are more than 6,000 known

JINGLES AND JESTS.

My Typewriter.

I have a new typewriter. And it is my delight

Unwilling.

One of those "healers" who was in

To Be Humbled.

"Bliggins is one of those people who

The Way of the Transgressor.

There was a young man in Marquette

The New Woman.

"It's a mistake about woman being

In the Undertow.

Rescued—Miss Properleigh, give me

Suburban Athletics.

Off men leads in engine coming, and he flies with

People Would Talk.

"Too bad about young Dr. Bright

Poetry and Realism.

"The function of the poet is to

The Effect and the Cause.

"Isn't the American eagle married,

Her Pleasant Will.

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"

Our Language.

"What did you say the sinking fund

A Summer Impression.

This is a field's Turkish bath immense.

Too Fast For Her.

Miss Eldon—There are so many fast

Ungrammatical Grammar.

Said the professor: "A lion is a lion."

A Wide Experience.

"Jenkins has just written a book on

Strange, but True.

Now, here's a truth, though doubtful

Reckless of the Economy.

Nurse—You silly child! Now you've

Obscurity.

The berry nestles "neath the leaf,

Trouble Brewing.

McDonald—Hoot, hoot!

Too Much.

I begged Mary to smile at me,

COLONEL PAIGE DEAD.

Was Once Accused of Forgery C. P.

New York, July 1.—Colonel D. R.

Colonel Paige had been an invalid for

David R. Paige was a member of the

Paige, Carey & Co. held large con

Paige, Carey & Co. held large con

Colonel Paige came of an old Demo

Colonel Paige was a member of the

Mr. Paige was a member of the

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PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 3, O. U. A.

Meets at Hall, Petros Block, High St.

Officers—Charles E. Oliver, P. C.;

OSGOOD LODGE, NO. 48, I. O. O. F.

Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thurs

Officers—Albert G. Stimpson, N. G.;

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R. H. E

Needs Re-covering, Perhaps?

YOUR SOFA, COUCH OR CHAIR MADE GOOD AS NEW!

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Love.

Properly, there is only one verb for

An Impertinence.

"I think," she said earnestly, "that a

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The heaviest precious stone is the

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With a clear sky the temperature

Sunny Days.

In New York city on the average

Magenta Flowers.

Students of insect habits tell us mag

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The first census of Russia took place

Pulling a Ton.

On level pavement a pull of 33 pounds

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